



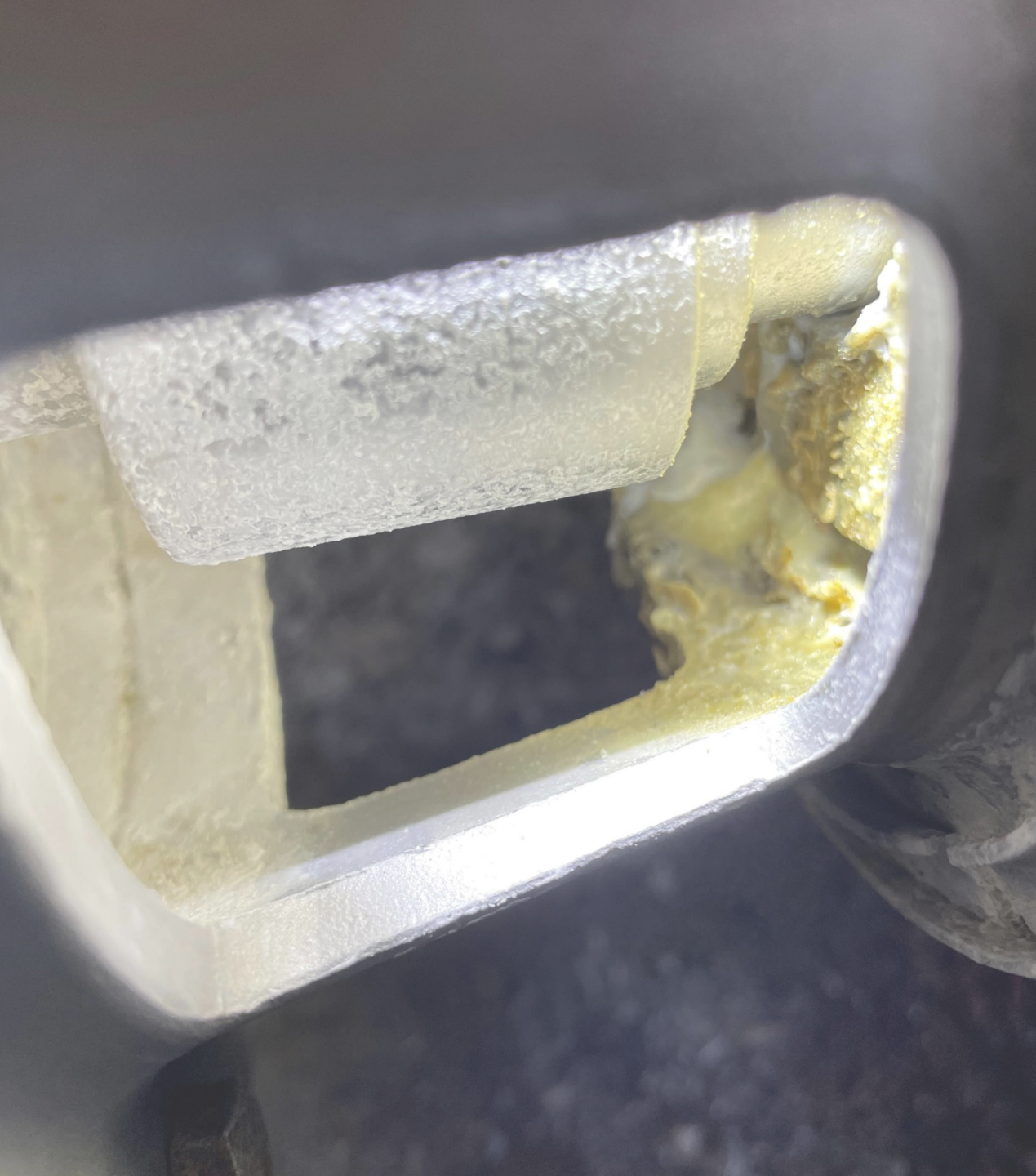
# CIP Chemical Solutions

Emma Swyers

NE Milk Quality Specialist



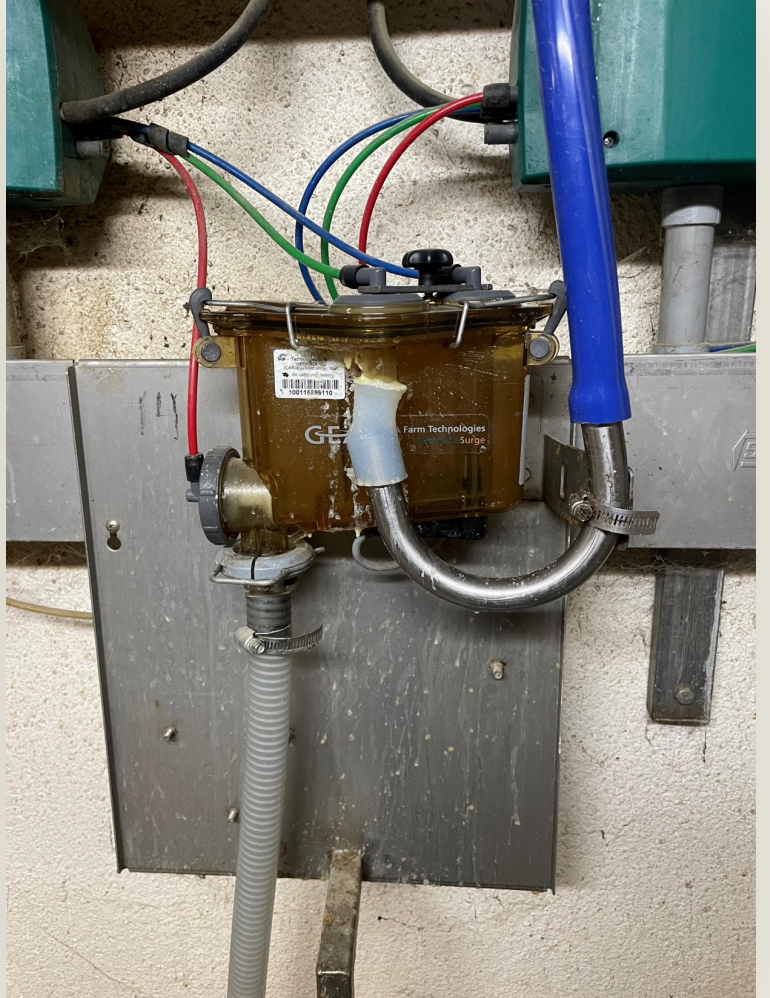














# What is the purpose of wash ups?



Maintain or Achieve Milk quality premiums



Increase proactiveness – more maintenance



Reduce organic load amongst milk equipment



To provide the end consumer with a wholesome, quality, and delicious product



# 2 Parts of Wash Cycle

## Chemical



Remove milk residue



Remove minerals from the water and equipment



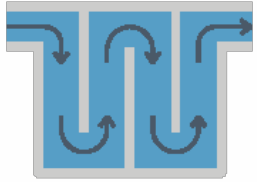
Sanitize the system prior to milking

## Physical

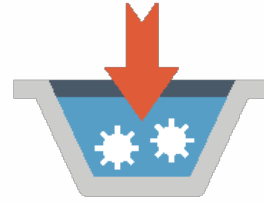
- Making contact to all milk contact surfaces
- Scrubbing action in milk lines, receiver, meters, and plate coolers
- Drainage



# What are the steps to *correct* CIP Cleaning



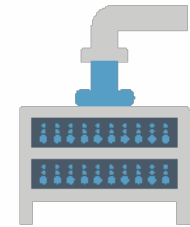
**1** PRE-RINSE



**2** CAUSTIC WASH

(140°–185° F)

Traditional detergent



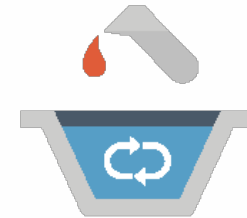
**3** INTERMEDIATE  
RINSE

optional



**4** FINAL RINSE

Acid Rinse



**5** SANITIZING RINSE





# **OBJECTIVES OF DETERGENCY**

- Ensure Visual Cleanliness of surfaces, eliminate fat residue
- Ensure optimal disinfection step and reduce microbiological pressure
- Preserve Life of Milk Equipment
- Optimize the Quality of Finished Product of Milk (odor, color, reduce contamination, shelf life of food)



# CIP Cleaner Line

## Chlorinated

### **Ultra Chlorine CIP Cleaner**

Works in all instances

### **Regular Chlorine CIP Cleaner**

Systems with minimal problems

### **Cold Water Detergent**

Reduced Temperature Situations (Warm)

## Non- Chlorinated

AMS Detergent/ Non-Chlorinated CIP



The logo for AgroClean 305 features a stylized blue circular icon with a white swirl on the left. To its right, the word "AgroClean" is written in a bold, dark blue sans-serif font, and the number "305" is written in a bold, red sans-serif font.

# AgroClean 305

- Heavy Duty, caustic, non-foaming alkaline CIP detergent

- Ultra duty, chlorinated formula

- Scale inhibitors and rinse aids promote rapid and clean sheeting

- Chelating agents bind metallic salts for efficiency in hard water conditions

- Incorporates Poly-TEC polymer technology for superior emulsification

# ACID DETERGENCY

	Nitric acid	Methansulfonic acid	Sulfamic acid	Phosphoric acid	Sulfuric acid
<b>Anti-scaling properties</b>	++++	+++	+++	++	+
<b>Detergency capacities</b>	++	+++	+++	++++	+
<b>Inconvenient</b>	Toxic gas under high temperature Corrosive CLP Classification Destroy surfactant	Corrosive	High nitrogen content	Phosphorus reject	Corrosive Weak descaling properties
<b>Advantages</b>	Oxydizing properties Use for stainless steel passivation	Phosphorus free Nitrogen free Good ratio Descaling / detergent properties	Low corrosivity	Less aggressive Strong detergent Dispersing properties	Not a toxic gas
<b>Examples</b>	Oxystrike	One Step	n/a	Stronghold 2510,4200,3505,7500	Stronghold 2510,3505, NP1000



# StrongHold

**Acid rinse for use following AgroClean CIP Detergent.**

## **Features**

Dissolves mineral deposits, neutralizes alkaline cleaners, and reacts with milk minerals so they can be removed in the rinse cycle.

Helps keep equipment surfaces free from hardened deposits which can harbor biofilms of bacteria.

Formulated to neutralize alkalinity and react with minerals to prevent build-up in the system.

Multiple concentrated formulations available with differing acids.

# Peracetic Acid Sanitizer



## Features

5.3% peracetic acid sanitizer for circulation cleaning and for sanitizing pre-cleaned hard, non-porous food contact surfaces and equipment.

Acid rinse and sanitizer in one convenient product.

Rapidly sanitizes at a range of temperatures.

Use at low concentrations for broad-spectrum kill of gram-positive and gram-negative bacteria.

This product may be used in the sanitization of ultra-filtration (UF) and reverse osmosis (RO) membranes and other similar type membranes and their associated piping systems.

Sanitizing of Animal and Poultry Premises, Trucks, Coops and Crates

Sanitization of Conveyors, Peelers, Slicers and Saws for Meat, Poultry, Seafood, Fruits and Vegetables



## Features

5.3% peracetic acid sanitizer with a punch of nitric acid is registered by the EPA for use in the USA.

Acid rinse and sanitizer in one convenient product.

Rapidly sanitizes at a range of temperatures.

Use at low concentrations for broad-spectrum kill of gram-positive and gram-negative bacteria.

This product may be used in the sanitization of ultra-filtration (UF) and reverse osmosis (RO) membranes and other similar type membranes and their associated piping systems.

No-rinse, non-foaming formula ideal for circulation clean-in-place (CIP) systems.

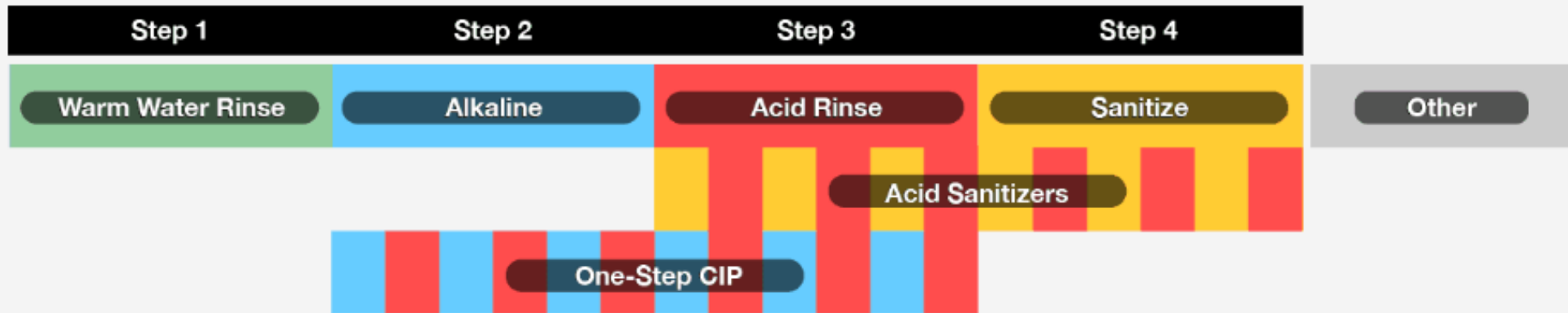






# Peracetic Acid Sanitizer

- Excellent Sanitizing Properties
- No residual - When peracetic acid dissolves in water, it disintegrates to **hydrogen peroxide and acetic acid**, which will fall apart to water, oxygen and carbon dioxide. Peracetic acid degradation products are non-toxic and can easily dissolve in water
- Secondary advantage
  - Oxidizes material to remove unwanted buildup



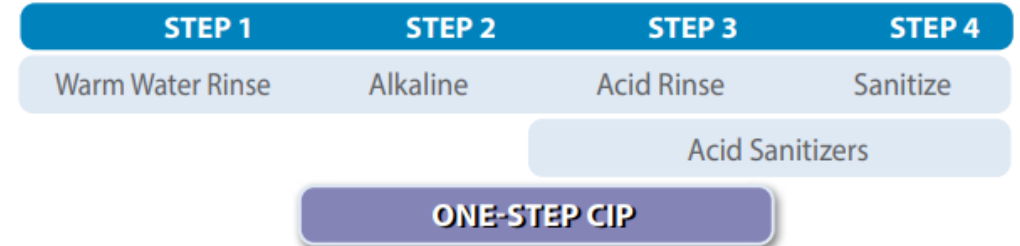
AgroChem offers products that not only address each of these steps, but in some cases accomplishes two steps in one product.

## Different Ways to Wash



# ONE-STEP

## CIP DETERGENT



### Two Proven Germicides, One Powerful Product

This highly concentrated, non-foaming acid detergent is formulated to clean an entire milking system in a single wash, replacing the standard acid and chlor-alkaline detergent steps. One-Step CIP can be used in a range of water temperatures.

- **Cleans without foaming** to leave the milking system clean and sparkling.
- **Contains well known acids** to increase the potential for premiums.
- **Combination of acids**, surfactants and emulsifiers dissolves fats, mineral deposits and proteins.
- **Reduces build-up** of teat sealant residues in claws and lines.

\*\*\*With traditional detergent & Chlorine price increases One Step Products are now closer than ever in cost.

Include	Size <Select>	Cost Container	Type	Product Name <Select>	Usage Rate Oz / X Gal	Total Ounces Used	Washes per Drum	Cost per Wash
Y	55	\$ 546.71	Alkaline	AgroClean AMS	3.00	52.0	135	\$ 4.04
	55					70.0	101	
	55					78.0	90	
Y	55	\$ 410.56	Acid Rinse	StrongHold 2510	10.0	15.6	451.282051	\$ 0.91
	55				4.0	39.0	180.512821	
	55							
	55	\$ 304.31	Chlorine Booster	SurChlor - Booster	5.90	26.44	266	\$ 1.14

Total Cost per  
wash:  
**\$4.95**

Include	Size <Select>	Cost Container	Type	Product Name <Select>	Usage Rate Oz / X Gal	Total Ounces Used	Washes per Drum	Cost per Wash
Y	55	\$ 490.99	Chlor-Alkaline	AgroClean 305	2.59	60.3	117	\$ 4.21
	55					70.0	101	
	55					78.0	90	
Y	55	\$ 410.56	Acid Rinse	StrongHold 2510	10.0	15.6	451.282051	\$ 0.91
	55				4.0	39.0	180.512821	
	55							

Total Cost  
per wash:  
**\$5.12**



Include	Size <Select>	Cost Container	Type	Product Name <Select>	Usage Rate Oz / X Gal	Total Ounces Used	Washes per Drum	Cost per Wash
Y	55	\$ 405.99	Chlor-Alkaline	AgroClean 273	1.85	84.5	83	\$ 4.87
	55					70.0	101	
	55					78.0	90	
Y	55	\$ 410.56	Acid Rinse	StrongHold 2510	10.0	15.6	451.282051	\$ 0.91
	55				4.0	39.0	180.512821	
	55							
	55							
Include	Size <Select>	Cost Container	Type	Product Name <Select>	Usage Rate Oz / X Gal	Total Ounces Used	Washes per Drum	Cost per Wash
	55							
	55							
	55					70.0	101	
Y	55	\$ 988.73	One -Step	One-Step w/ PAA	2.0	78.0	90	\$ 10.95
	55							
	55				4.0	39.0	180.512821	
	55							
	55							

Total Cost  
per wash:  
**\$5.78**

Total Cost  
per Wash:  
**\$10.95\***

\*Not  
including  
the cost  
savings of  
time





# Physical

Time

Temperature

Water Volume

Velocity

Drainage



## New and Improved Wash Analysis Sheet

Farm Name:	Daily Wash: 2x <input type="checkbox"/> 3x <input type="checkbox"/>	Type of Meters:
Date:	Daily Milk: 2x <input type="checkbox"/> 3x <input type="checkbox"/>	Water Hardness:
Time:	Number of Units:	Wash Vat Size (gal):

### Rinse

Start Temp	End Temp	Total Cycle Time	Water Drains Clear?	Does this farm use One Step CIP Detergent?
			Y <input type="checkbox"/> N <input type="checkbox"/>	Y <input type="checkbox"/> N <input type="checkbox"/> If YES, skip to the One Step CIP line.

### Detergent

Detergent Amt:  oz. Chlorine Amt:  oz.

Start Temp	End Temp	Total Cycle Time	pH	Alkalinity	Chlorine
			PPM		

### Acid

Acid Amt:  oz.

Start Temp	End Temp	Total Cycle Time	pH	ppm

### One Step CIP / Hot Acid Wash

One Step/Hot Acid Amt:  oz.

Start Temp	End Temp	Total Cycle Time	pH	ppm

### Sanitize Cycle

Sanitizer Amt:  oz.

Start Temp	End Temp	Total Cycle Time	pH	ppm

### Slug Air Injector Cycle

On-Time	Off-Time	Slugs Per Cycle



# Conclusion

- What are we trying to achieve as an industry?
  - Chemical aspect of a wash
    - Rinse
    - Detergent
    - Acid
  - Physical aspect of a wash
    - Temperature
    - Consistency and Coverage
    - Drainage



*Producing “Quality Milk”  
takes*

*“Quality Time and Effort”*

*Producing “Quality Milk”  
Requires an*

*“Attitude for Milk Quality”*

*Producing “Quality Milk”  
doesn’t cost,*

*It Pays. This is the FUTURE.*



# Agrochemusa.com

**ONE-STEP**  
CIP DETERGENT

**OXYSAN**  
ACID SANITIZER



 **AgroClean**

**AgroSan**<sup>plus</sup>

**AgroSolv**

**ONE-STEP**  
CIP DETERGENT WITH PAA

 **OXY** **STRIKE**

 **Vortex**

**StrongHold**

 **AgroChem**  
kersia group

**Thank You!**  
**Questions &**  
**Comments?**

Contact info for additional questions and  
Comments

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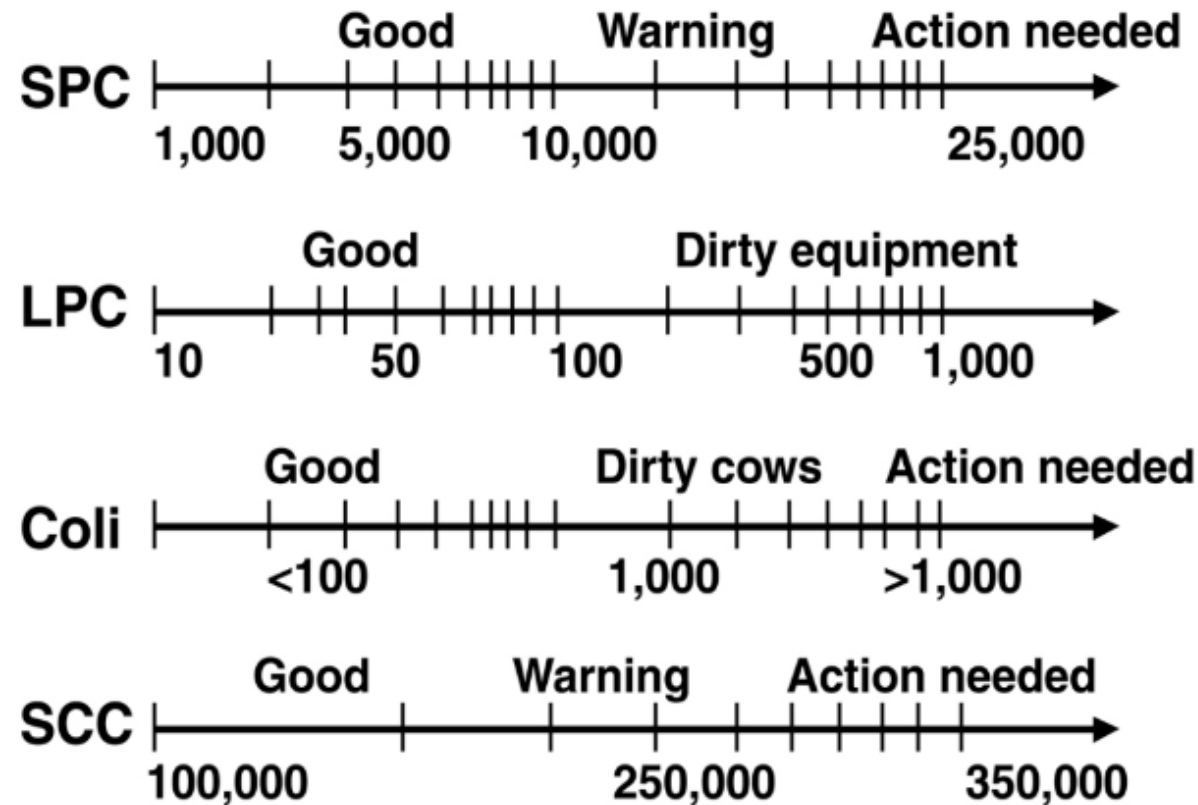


# Case Study



# Interpretation of Bulk Milk Bacterial Counts

Comparison of diagnostic tests  
Multiple tests should be used (at least 3 samples)



# Farm

2000 cow farm

Double 20 parlor – no meters  
or take offs

Previous wash program:

- Traditional 3-step wash

Month	Raw count	Prelim Incubation	Past Count
June (Avg.)	2083	7385	202
July (Avg.)	2400	5105	192
August (Avg.)	2167	62333	134



# April Wash Analysis Notes

- drains on pvc Pipes
  - Sample bags not properly stored, needles being stored in styrofoam
  - Parlor units coming out of wash during cycles
  - Air injector board adjustments not working
  - Temp low during detergent cycle
- Rinse water was dirty, recommend washing down vat prior to starting wash

# May Wash Analysis Notes

milky foam on sides of wash vat after first rinse - need to rinse with hose

- Pulsation drains    - detach Cylinder raise times slow, untis falling on deck

- pulsation tube dirty above trap - clean weekly

- check and clean vacuum filters

- flush pulsators with soapy water and drain pulsation tubes

- leaking gaskets above sink and left of wash vat pump

- milky water in wash trap during milking??

- washer machine too full and soap tube blocked

- **NEEDLES EXPOSED IN FRIDGE** - clean and sanitize fridge

# June Wash Analysis Notes

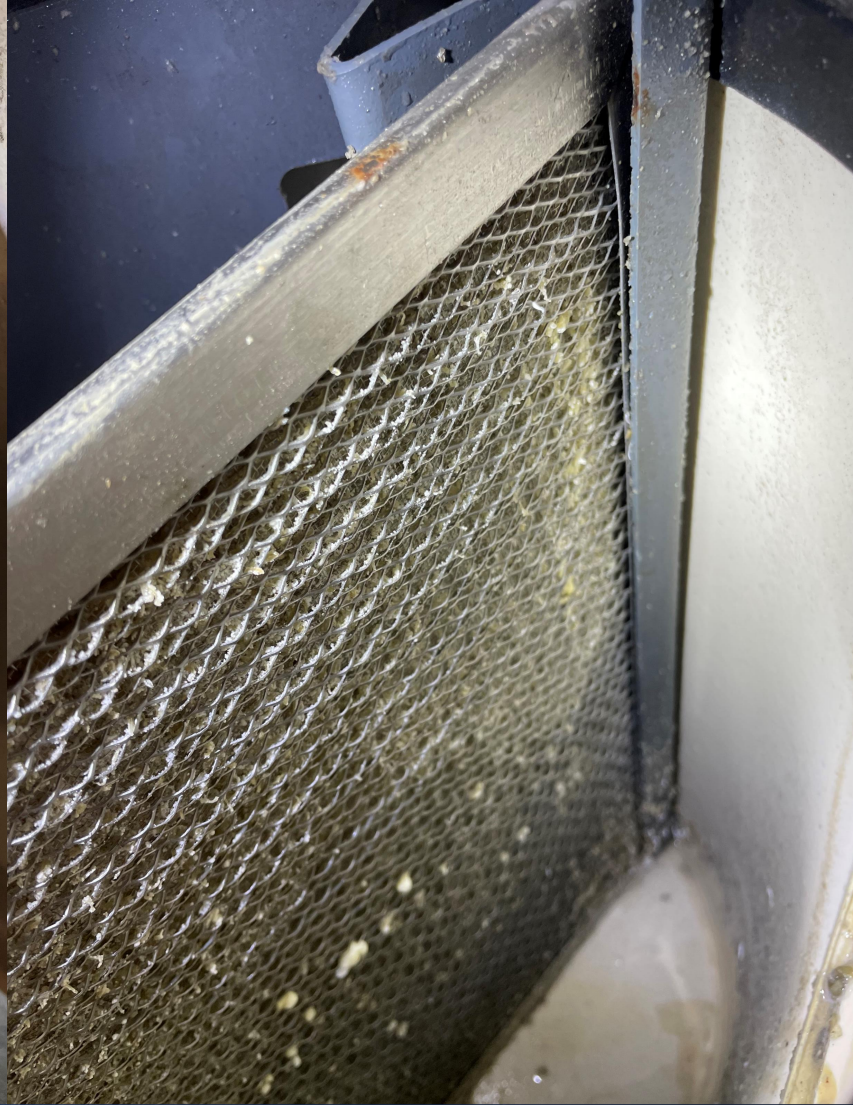
- Recommend putting on new milk filters between milking and wash
- Jetter cup #22 on East side is torn
- Underneath both plate coolers milk is building up, should be cleaned
- Butterfly valve on left side of receiver has air leaking from its vacuum connection
- Wash vat pump seal is bad, should be replaced
- Milk trap trapped out, 10:30 mins into wash
- Debris lodged in unit #1 on the east side



# August Wash Analysis Notes

- HIGH FRIDGE TEMP
- MILK PAIL HOSE RED BACTERIA GROWTH
- STALL #15 NOT IN WASH TILL ACID CYCLE
- MILK LINE SLIGHT BUILDUP ON SOUTH END?? LOOKS LIKE GREASE/ORBESEAL
  - NEED TO RUN A HOT ACID WASH
- TURNED TEMP BACK TO WARM DURING ACID CYCLE
- ADD HEAVY PHOSPHORIC ACID TO ACID RINSE
- FIRST RINSE DIVERT/SPRAY BALL DID NOT WORK 100%













**What to do??**

## High lab pasteurized count >250

- Visibly dirty milk contact surfaces
- Visibly dirty, deteriorated or missing rubber/plastic parts
- Chronic improper CIP procedure-pipelines and bulk tanks
- Lack of sanitizing pipelines/bulk tanks prior to milking
- Dirty sanitary trap and/or vacuum reserve tank
- Poor udder/teat preparation
- End of milking water flush into bulk tank

## High raw count >20,000

- System incubation
  - Warm milk ( $>50^{\circ}$  for 45+ minutes)
    - Poor/slow bulk tank cooling
    - Improper refrigeration
  - Long milking times without CIP
  - Poorly washed equipment/not washing equipment
- Visible residues on milk contact surfaces
- Lack of sanitizing pipelines/bulk tanks prior to milking
- Low wash temperatures ( $<120^{\circ}$ )
- Poor udder/teat preparation
- End of milking water flush into bulk tank
- Mastitic cows (rare occurrence)

# Solutions

- Farm had an orbeseal like buildup inside pipeline, needed to run a hot acid wash → started with One-Step to remove orbeseal → ended up using stronghold 7500
- Employees must wash down wash vat prior to starting wash and at the end of the rinse the spray ball is activated
- Pump seal and butterfly valve fixed and stopped trapping out during wash
- Pulsation line flushed and clean to date



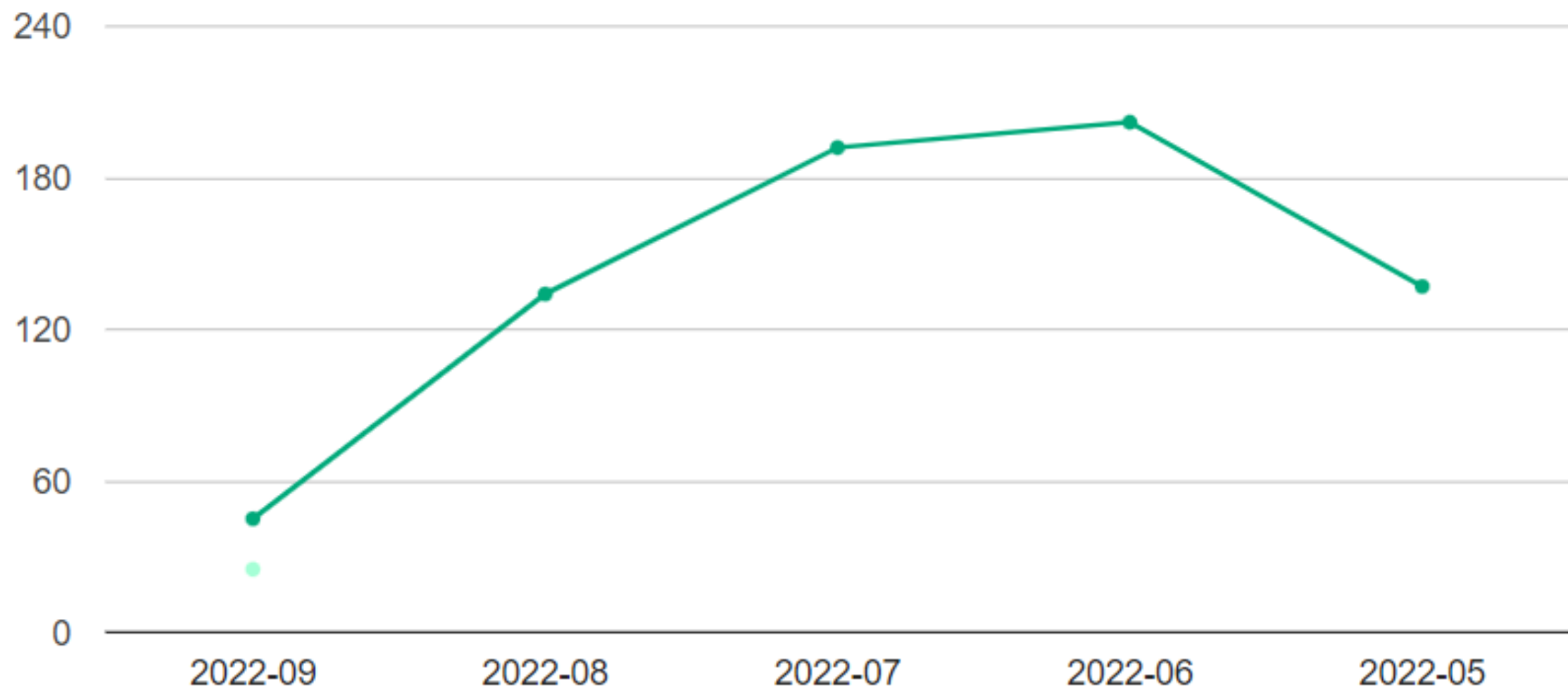


# What was done?

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- Wash cycle 1-4
  - Rinse
  - Detergent – Agroclean 305
  - Acid & Sanitizer – Oxystrike
- Wash Cycle 5
  - Rinse
  - Hot Acid – Stronghold 7500
  - Sanitize – Oxystrike

## Past. Count Month Averages





Include	Size <Select>	Cost Container	Type	Product Name <Select>	Usage Rate Oz / X Gal	Total Ounces Used	Washes per Drum	Cost per Wash
Y	55	\$ 490.99	Chlor-Alkaline	AgroClean 305	2.59	60.3	117	\$ 4.21
	55					70.0	101	
	55				2.0	78.0	90	
Y	55	\$ 410.56	Acid Rinse	StrongHold 2510	10.0	15.6	451.282051	\$ 0.91
Y	55	\$ 304.31	Sanitizer	SurChlor	4.0	39.0	180.512821	\$ 1.69
	55							
	55							

**\$0.50 difference for  
a much more quality  
sanitation**

Include	Size <Select>	Cost Container	Type	Product Name <Select>	Usage Rate Oz / X Gal	Total Ounces Used	Washes per Drum	Cost per Wash
Y	55	\$ 490.99	Chlor-Alkaline	AgroClean 305	2.59	60.3	117	\$ 4.21
	55					70.0	101	
	55				2.0	78.0	90	
Y	55	\$ 837.56	Acid Sanitizer	Oxysan EPA	6.0	26.0	270.769231	\$ 3.09
	55				3.3	48.0	146.666667	
	55							
	55							

Cost per Wash \$ 6.80

Cost per Wash \$ 7.30

# Conclusions



Oxystrike more expensive



1 less step, less time, less water



Lowers pH, better protection through milking to milking



# Thank You!





## References

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Armand Dragon

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Ron Robinson

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Rick Watters